

What are HIV and AIDS?

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FAST FACTS:

- HIV is a virus that attacks the immune system. If untreated, a person's immune system will eventually be completely destroyed.
- AIDS refers to a set of symptoms and illnesses that occur at the very final stage of HIV infection.

What is HIV?

HIV is a virus that attacks the immune system, which is our body's natural defence against illness. The virus destroys a type of white blood cell in the immune system called a T-helper cell, and makes copies of itself inside these cells. T-helper cells are also referred to as CD4 cells.

As HIV destroys more CD4 cells and makes more copies of itself, it gradually breaks down a person's immune system. This means someone living with HIV, who is not receiving treatment, will find it harder and harder to fight off infections and diseases.

If HIV is left untreated, it may take up to 10 or 15 years for the immune system to be so severely damaged it can no longer defend itself at all. However, the speed HIV progresses will vary depending on age, health and background.

Basic facts about HIV

- HIV stands for human immunodeficiency virus.
- There is effective [antiretroviral treatment](#) available so people with HIV can live a normal, healthy life.
- The earlier HIV is diagnosed, the sooner treatment can start - leading to better long term health.

- HIV is found in semen, blood, vaginal and anal fluids, and breast milk.
- HIV cannot be transmitted through sweat, saliva or urine.
- Using [male condoms](#) or [female condoms](#) during sex is the best way to prevent HIV and other [sexually transmitted infections](#).
- If you [inject drugs](#), always use a clean needle and syringe, and never share equipment.
- If you are [pregnant](#) and living with HIV, the virus in your blood could pass into your baby's body, or after giving birth through breastfeeding. Taking [HIV treatment](#) virtually eliminates this risk.

What is AIDS?

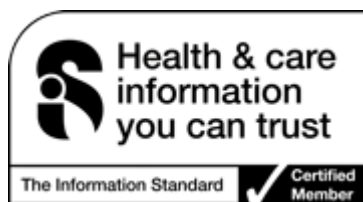
AIDS is not a virus but a set of [symptoms](#) (or syndrome) caused by the HIV virus. A person is said to have AIDS when their immune system is too weak to fight off infection, and they develop certain defining symptoms and illnesses. This is the last stage of HIV, when the infection is very advanced, and if left untreated will lead to death.

Basic facts about AIDS

- AIDS stands for acquired immune deficiency syndrome.
- AIDS is also referred to as advanced HIV infection or late-stage HIV.
- AIDS is a set of symptoms and illnesses that develop as a result of advanced HIV infection which has destroyed the immune system.
- Treatment for HIV means that more people are staying well, with fewer people developing AIDS.

Although there is currently no [cure for HIV](#) with the right treatment and support, people with HIV can live long and healthy lives. To do this, it is especially important to take treatment correctly and deal with any possible side-effects.

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Sources:

- [AIDS.gov \(2016\) 'What is HIV/AIDS?'](#)
- [AIDS InfoNet \(2016\) 'What is AIDS?'](#)
- [AIDS.gov \(2016\) 'CD4 Count'](#)

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